## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (currently amended): An optical analysis instrument comprising:

- (a) a support frame;
- (b) a target area attached to said support frame configured to receive and securely hold a flow cell comprising a reflective sensor in a substantially stationary position;
- (c) a light source assembly comprising a light source and source optics for focusing light emitted from said light source, which light source assembly is oriented to project a <u>collimated</u> beam of light onto said reflective sensor, and which light source assembly is rotatably attached to said support frame so as to permit alteration of the orientation of said light source with respect to the position of said sensor;
- (d) means for altering the orientation of said light source assembly <u>over an angular range</u>;
- (e) means for recording the angular change in the orientation of said light source assembly;
- (f) a detector assembly attached to said support frame oriented to receive light

reflected from said sensor, wherein said reflective sensor is positioned at the optical vertex of the angular range of said light source assembly, such that said beam of light stays fixed at one location on said reflective sensor as the orientation of said light source assembly is altered over said angular range; and

wherein said detector assembly comprises a detector comprising a detector sensing element, and a lens assembly for focusing a reflected image of said sensor onto said detector sensing element, which lens assembly is positioned between said detector and said target area and comprises a sensor imaging double telecentric lens assembly capable of minimizing image walk on said detector sensing element as the orientation of said light source assembly is altered over said angular range.

Claim 2 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said reflective sensor is a grating coupled surface plasmon resonance (SPR) sensor.

Claim 3 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said means (d) are manual adjustment means.

Claim 4 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said means (d) are motor means.

Claim 5 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said means (d) are a stepper-type motor.

Claim 6 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said means (e) is selected from the group consisting of accurate angular change data from a stepper motor, a rotary encoder, and a linear encoder.

Claim 7 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 6, wherein said means (e) includes a built-in indexing mark providing a reference point at the start of each optical analysis.

Claim 8 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said light source is a light emitting diode (LED) or a plurality of LEDs.

Claim 9 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 8, wherein said light source is a LED emitting a narrow band of wavelengths.

Claim 10 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 8, wherein said LED or plurality of LEDs is encapsulated in a plastic material and wherein said plastic material is optically flat or made optically flat so as to minimize optical distortion caused by the plastic material.

Claim 11 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said light

source beam is offset from the central axis of said optics to provide a lateral beam

skew sufficient to eliminate ghost reflections caused by light reflecting from optical

surfaces of the instrument.

Claim 12 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said light

source beam is offset from the central axis of said optics to provide a lateral beam

skew of 2 degrees.

Claim 13 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, wherein said detector

assembly (f) is mounted on a plurality of gimbals permitting orientation of the

detector assembly to be altered with respect to the position of the sensor.

Claim 14 (cancelled)

Claim 15 (currently amended): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 14 Claim 13,

wherein said lens assembly comprises one or more refractive elements, an aperture

stop, a corrector plate, and a detector window.

Claim 16 (cancelled)

Claim 17 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 15, wherein said

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detector assembly further comprises a passive cold finger positioned between said

detector window and said corrector plate.

Claim 18 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 15, wherein the

orientation of said detector assembly and the refractive elements of said lens assembly

are effective to match the dimensions of a reflected image of said sensor to the

dimensions of the detector sensing element.

Claim 19 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 15, wherein said

detector and said lens assembly may be independently adjusted with respect to the

position of the sensor.

Claim 20 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 15, wherein said

detector is a CCD camera and said sensing element is a CCD chip.

Claim 21 (currently amended): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 1, further

comprising:

(g) (h) a fluidics system comprising:

(i) one or more solution reservoirs and/or solution input connections,

(ii) supply tubing connecting said one or more reservoirs and/or input

connections with said target area,

(iii) removal tubing connecting said target area with one or more elements

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selected from the group of waste receptacles, solution reservoirs, collection containers, and the target area,

(iv) one or more pumps for impelling fluids through said supply and removal tubing.

Claim 22 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 21, wherein said fluidics system (g) further includes a bubble blast means for flushing entrapped air bubbles from the fluidics system.

Claim 23 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 21, wherein a portion of said fluidics system and said target area are enclosed in a thermal chamber.

Claim 24 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 23, wherein the temperature of fluids being conducted to the target area is controlled using one or more passive heat exchangers.

Claim 25 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 24, wherein the heat sinks comprise a series of segmented passive heat exchangers.

Claim 26 (original): The optical analysis instrument of Claim 23, wherein the temperature of fluids being conducted to the target area is controlled using one or more active heating or cooling loops.